

INNOVATION IN FLANDERS TO COMBAT THE SARS-COV-2 VIRUS OR ITS DERIVED EFFECTS



# Innovation in Flanders to combat the SARS-CoV-2 virus or its derived effects

Introduction		1
1.	Diagnostic approaches and epidemiological research	2
2.	Development of therapies, medicines and vaccines	8
3.	Prevention	11
4.	e-health and app development	13
5.	Behavioural changes and mental health	16
6.	Dissemination of information and debunking fake news	17
7.	Funding	20
8.	Other actions	21

## Introduction

In the last weeks we have seen in Flanders numerous initiatives to respond to the COVID-19 crisis, many of them arising bottom-up, often in collaboration with European partnerships that received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme. Everywhere in the region, research groups, as well as companies, have reallocated budgets to address different issues related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Flemish universities and their experts play a crucial role in the guidance and decision-making of this unseen crisis. This is particularly challenging, as the virus is new and its pathophysiology, the epidemiology and social impact need to be better understood to develop better diagnostics, vaccines, treatments and interventions.

Industry is also committed to developing solutions for various aspects related to COVID-19; from the hackathon<sup>1</sup> organised by the Belgian start-up community, to the unprecedented collaboration<sup>2</sup> between several life science companies to help address this global health emergency.

In dealing with the COVID-19 crisis, the research has been broadly addressed and covers epidemiology, diagnosis, treatment and social impact. Below you can find an overview of the ongoing initiatives that we know of. If you would like to add an initiative, don't hesitate to contact us.

# 1. Diagnostic approaches and epidemiological research

# Academic research

Prof. Herman Goossens (UZA, UAntwerpen) is coordinating the **PREPARE**<sup>3</sup> project, a network financed by the EU, for harmonised large-scale clinical studies on infectious diseases, to prepare for infectious disease outbreaks, and to provide real-time information on clinical management of patients and to guide public health interventions. PREPARE aims to establish a common European clinical research infrastructure with 600 primary care sites and more than 600 hospital sites in 27 EU Member States. It was started after the previous pandemics in order to be prepared and to quickly start the necessary clinical studies. Now it is also being used to tackle the SARS-CoV-2 pandemic.

The **COntAGlouS trial**<sup>4</sup> (COvid-19 Advanced Genetic and Immunologic Sampling), led by Prof. Joost Wauters (UZLeuven, KULeuven) and Rega Institute, wants to deliver an in-depth characterisation of the dynamic host immune response to coronavirus SARS-CoV-2. It will

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.hackthecrisis.be/nl/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.gatesfoundation.org/Media-Center/Press-Releases/2020/03/Life-Science-Companies-Committo-the-Fight-Against-COVID-19-Pandemic-alongside-Gates-Foundation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://www.prepare-europe.eu/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT04327570

study the host immune response in severe and extreme severely affected COVID-19 patients as compared to healthy controls.

The Jessa Hospital in Hasselt, together with Sciensano en Mensura, will start, after the approval of the ethics committee, with a pilot study to determine to what extent antibodies in the blood actually **protect against a new COVID-19 infection**. The pilot project will prepare for a large multicentre study in Belgium on protective immunity that will be conducted via the Federal Knowledge Center for Healthcare (KCE).<sup>5</sup>

The Neuro-Aging and Viro-Immunotherapy (NAVI) research group at the Vrije Universiteit Brussel (VUB) will analyse blood samples from COVID-19 patients to see how their **immune system** reacted during and after their illness. The results can be of important value for diagnosis, treatment and prevention of the virus.

A large study led by Prof. Pierre Van Damme (UAntwerpen) and Prof. Heide Theeten (UAntwerpen) maps the proportion of the Belgian population that was infected by the SARS-CoV-2 virus.<sup>6</sup> Blood from commercial labs are being analysed for this purpose.

Prof. Bossuyt (KU Leuven) leads a study that uses a validated unbiased **mass spectrometry** based work-flow to identify disease-related Complementarity Determining Region (CDR) signatures that can be used for prognosis and outcome prediction.

At KU Leuven, the Laboratory of Therapeutic and Diagnostic Antibodies (Prof Paul Declerck) and PharmAbs initiated the development of high affinity mouse monoclonal **antibodies** for use in the development of reliable diagnostic solutions.

The MeBioS Biosensors group of KU Leuven (Prof. Lammertyn) is (1) developing and validating highly sensitive multiplex (IgM, IgG and IgA) diagnostic tests for measuring immune responses of patients infected with SARS-CoV-2 virus, and (2) finalizing the development of an innovative self-sampling cartridge technology for dried blood spot sampling capable of precisely metering and storing a droplet of blood from a patient's finger prick. Recently a longitudinal study was initiated in collaboration with UAntwerpen, UGent and KU Leuven to validate both technologies (1 + 2) in a primary care setting.

The research group of Prof. Du Laing (UGent) investigates the effect of **selenium shortage** on the severity of COVID-19.<sup>7</sup>

Sciensano and the Institute of Tropical Medicine (ITM) are investigating the **number of COVID-19 infections among healthcare workers** in Belgian hospitals. The study examines to what extent healthcare workers in hospitals come into contact with COVID-19. To this end

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.knack.be/nieuws/belgie/coronavirus-jessa-ziekenhuis-start-met-pilootstudie-rond-antistoffen-in-bloed/article-belga-1591577.html?cookie\_check=1587730692

<sup>6</sup>https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200331 04908683?articlehash=C232C064C77DC246E3CDDA247CB0F17 015D13D174D00F849DD003F703C647AB50943D2B9226AA4228FC1342842951DE9E9A863D8BAF1DB859F2419 154B3ADC8A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> https://edit.ugent.be/nl/actueel/selenium-tekort-corona-covid-onderzoek.htm

the scientists will monitor 850 health workers who are representative of the health corps involved over a five-month period.<sup>8</sup>

Labs are reducing their research activities to **increase capacity for COVID-19 testing**. An example is the case of the specialised physicians of the Institute of Tropical Medicine in Antwerp who recently strengthened the Antwerp University Hospital in the screening and treatment of COVID-19 patients as they are experienced in working with infectious diseases. Also at the U(Z)Gent campus large-scale logistics is being set to process corona test samples. In the same effort to increase testing capacity, VIB has established a task force to realise a testing capacity of 20-30.000 samples per day. This is done in collaboration with the National reference centre in the Rega Institute, industrial partners and the university hospital Gent. VIB personnel is engaged in the effort on a voluntary base and this further enforced by volunteers of the biotech industry. A thorough selection of the workforce is ensured to guarantee the quality testing. VIB made a video to explain how the testing is done. The VIB-VUB center for Structural Biology makes its KingFisher robot available. The robot makes it possible to rapidly test large quantities of samples for the presence of the SARS-CoV2 virus, providing 1000 additional tests per day.

VIB together with LifeTime partners, a transnational and interdisciplinary initiative of leading European researchers jointly coordinated by the Max Delbrück Center in Berlin and the Institut Curie in Paris, is developing an **EU-wide standardised protocol** to test COVID-19 patient samples and to enable exchange of data across borders, using single cell and other technologies.

At the request of the academic Jessa and ZOL hospitals, UHasselt will **validate an alternative diagnostic method** so that general practitioners can perform tests themselves. They will purchase test kits and start validation as soon as possible.

The COVIDAM study (ITG) will compare laboratory diagnostic accuracy and pre-analytical stability of novel **diagnostic methods** (some selected for potential use in low- and middle-income countries) on different sample types in the entire study population, incl. nasopharyngeal swabs / self-taken nasal swabs / saliva.

The CORONAIR study (UAntwerpen/UZA) will test the diagnostic accuracy of **breathomics**, or exhaled breath analysis, for COVID-19.

Prof. Morrens and his colleagues (UAntwerpen/UZA) will track the cumulative frequency of COVID-19 seropositivity (as a marker of past Covid-19 exposure) in newly admitted patients with **serious mental illness** over time. They furthermore will compare the COVID-19 seropositivity rate in patients at each timepoint to the rate in newly admitted patients without serious mental illness and the regional background prevalence in the general

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> https://www.itg.be/E/Article/study-of-the-number-of-covid-19-infections-among-healthcare-workers-in-belgian-hospitals

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> http://www.vib.be/nl/nieuws/Pages/VIB-zet-zich-in-voor-COVID-19-tests.aspx

population. Prof. Coenen will investigate the effectiveness of the preventive measures in primary care and immune response against SARS-CoV-2 using validated serological test.

Prof. Boon and colleagues (UZ-KULeuven-Rega Institute) will study proteases and inhibitors as potential disease targets and as biomarkers for COVID-19. Prof. Proost and colleagues (UZ-KULeuven-Rega Institute) will search for **diagnostic markers for disease severity** by understanding the role of the most abundant leukocytes in COVID-19 patients and their role during the disease course. They furthermore try to discover the main immune signalling molecules, and their regulation by posttranslational modification in COVID-19 patients during different stages of the disease. Prof. Matthys (UZ-KULeuven-Rega Institute) investigates the role of NK cells in Covid-19 patients. NK cells are crucial for antiviral defence and preliminary data point towards atypical characteristics.

Prof. Van Rompaey and Dr. Vroegop (UAntwerpen/UZA) investigates the prevalence, onset, evolution, recuperation and long-term effects of self-reported **olfactory dysfunction** in health workers during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Prof. Dieter Deforce (UGent) started research to see if it is possible to diagnose COVID-19 using **proteomics** technology.

Imec is developing **fast micro-qPCR chips** for the development of specific assays to diagnose the presence of SARS-CoV-2 virus.<sup>10</sup> They have received requests to set up collaborations from various European countries and China.

Researchers from Flanders Make@UAntwerp developed a device that allows for **remotely listening to the lungs** of patients with COVID-19.<sup>11</sup> The device will become available open-source.

Prof. Movahedi (VUB) uses **single-cell immune profiling** of COVID-19 patients to identify the immune parameters that correlate with disease severity. The VUB lab for Molecular and Cellular Therapy will test the vaccination potential of immunogenic epitopes.

The EC MOOD project aims to identify, monitor and analyse outbreaks of new and existing diseases at an early stage. The Outbreak Research Team of the Institute of Tropical Medicine (ITM) is participating in the project, establishing a bridge between scientists and national and international public health and animal health institutions. The MOOD project started in January and examines a variety of model diseases, including the recent breakout of COVID-19.<sup>12</sup>

. .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> https://www.imec-int.com/en/expertise/lifesciences/pcr-on-chip

 $<sup>^{11}\,\</sup>underline{\text{https://www.flandersmake.be/nl/nieuws/onderzoekers-van-flandersmakeuantwerpen-ontwikkelen-nieuw-toestel-voor-longonderzoek-op}$ 

<sup>12</sup> https://www.itg.be/E/covid-19

Research is ongoing on **possible transfers of SARS-CoV-2 to pets** and the circulation within animal populations. Researchers, led by prof. Hans Nauwynck together with prof. Bruno Verhasselt and prof. Linos Vandekerckhove (all UGent), are currently preparing a serological test to see to what extent this transfer is happening. This serological test can be used not only for animals but also for humans. The Institute for Nature and Forest Research wrote an advise on the risk of bat infection with SARS-CoV-2 derived from bat researchers.<sup>13</sup>

The Institute of Tropical Medicine wrote a position paper on the use of COVID-19 rapid diagnostic tests. These rapid tests are particularly interesting for low resource settings where lab tests are less obvious.<sup>14</sup>

The immune system plays an important role both in the development and course of cancer and to respond to a viral infection. However, if a patient has both cancer and a virus infection, it is not possible fully estimate the effect of both together, especially with a new infection such as COVID-19. The CAN-COVID19 study (KULeuven) maps the disease progression of patients with COVID-19 and cancer and how they react to anti-cancer treatments. 15 The MOCOR study (UAntwerpen, UZA, AZ Maria Middelares) documents the prevalence of symptomatic COVID-19 infection and the seroprevalence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in cancer patients and non-cancer subjects. In a second objective immune system responses will be mapped using immunoassays, flow cytometry, immunomethylomics, proteomics and glycomics. This can unravel adverse immune cell deficiencies and/or dysregulated immune responses as risk factors for severe COVID-19. A multicenter international survey, partially organised by UZA, furthermore maps the characteristics and outcome of COVID-19 infection in patients with lung cancer and mesothelioma. The COREO study (UAntwerpen, UZA) investigates whether patients having home monitored oncologic treatment (cohort A) have a lower risk to the develop (severe) clinical COVID-19 compared to patients having classic in hospital oncologic treatment (cohort B). Additionally, this project will prove that cancer patients that undergo and perform blood sampling and therapy monitoring at home during the SARS-CoV-2 pandemic can have oncologic treatment safely.

The DERMCovid e-registry, a collaboration between UZ Gent, Clin. Univ. St. Luc Brussels and UZ Antwerpen, is a Belgian nationwide e-registry to document cutaneous manifestations associated with COVID-19.<sup>16</sup> The PHO COVID-19 registry (UAntwerpen, UZA) is a retrospective and prospective registry that will collect data of patients that were/are being treated in one of the 8 recognized paediatric haemato oncology centers in Belgium and who tested positive

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> https://pureportal.inbo.be/portal/nl/publications/advies-betreffende-het-risico-op-besmetting-van-vleermuizen-met-covid19-via-vleermuisonderzoekers(cb72b760-f29d-4d61-b5d5-91510d02a219).html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> https://www.itg.be/E/Article/guidance-on-the-use-of-covid-19-rapid-diagnostic-tests

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> https://www.uzleuven.be/nl/ethische-commissie-onderzoek/covid-19-studies-goedgekeurd-door-econderzoek/observationele-studies\_and\_www.facebook.com/immunovar\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> https://www.belgiandermatology.be/nl/announcements/dermcovid-e-registry

for SARS-CoV-2. The aim is to gain more insights in the disease course, risk profile and morbidity/mortality in this specific patient population.

The MUCOV study (UAntwerp/UZA) investigates the crosstalk between the respiratory barrier, aquaporines and the **microbiome** shaping the course of SARS-CoV-2 infection, the pathological alterations in the lungs and subsequent disease severity of COVID-19 patients.

#### Industry

Several companies are assisting as well to **increase the capacity of COVID-19 diagnostic testing**: Janssen Pharmaceutical (J&J), GSK, UCB and Biogazelle are installing diagnostic labs on their Belgian sites.<sup>17</sup>

**Biocartis** announced the development of a SARS-CoV-2 test on their fully automated, rapid and easy to use molecular diagnostics platform Idylla™. It will detect SARS-CoV-2 from respiratory samples such as nasopharyngeal swabs.<sup>18</sup>

**FluidA** has developed a screening method to detect pulmonary diseases at an early stage. The Broncholab platform was developed with the aim of making parameters of functional respiratory imaging available to medical professionals on an online platform. The platform can be used for multiple pulmonary diseases.<sup>19</sup>

The software company **icometrix** developed, together with more than 40 Belgian and even more foreign partners, the software package icolung, with which it can better predict the chances of survival of very ill COVID-19 patients and also assign patients more precisely to a specific hospital department. By releasing **artificial intelligence (AI) on CT scans** from COVID-19 patients, one can find out whether the lung tissue is strong enough to send the patient home for further home isolation. At the Radiology department of the UZ in Brussels, people quickly started using AI in medical imaging. This makes the hospital one of the top in the field. Meanwhile, the software has been rolled out in 30 Belgian hospitals.<sup>20</sup>

**AntelopeDx** is developing a prototype test for Flu A/B based on a nasal/nasopharyngeal swab. It wants to establish a diagnostic solution for home and other decentralised settings that brings lab quality analysis with the ease-of-use of a pregnancy test at a consumer price tag.

**Bingli** has developed a COVID-19 triage module. With the help of 10 simple questions, the test can determine whether you should contact a doctor or not.<sup>21</sup>

7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> <u>https://www.tijd.be/ondernemen/farma-biotech/gents-biotechbedrijf-start-grootschalige-coronatesten/10218507.html</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> https://flanders.bio/en/news/biocartis-announces-development-of-idylla-covid-19-test

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> https://www.linkedin.com/posts/jan-de-backer-6537645 fda-clears-fluiddas-broncholab-platform-activity-6642818289737314304-oIGm

https://flanders.bio/en/news/icometrix-lanceert-de-eerste-ce-gemarkeerde-ai-oplossing-voor-ct-beelden-van-de-longen-bij-covid-19 and https://icovid.ai/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> https://www.mybingli.com/covid19/

**UgenTec** supports the diagnostic community in managing the Corona virus crisis. Laboratories that apply today will get access to a free and AI-powered data analysis tool for the CDC's Corona virus assay.<sup>22</sup>

# 2. Development of therapies, medicines and vaccines

## Academic research

The lab of prof. Xavier Saelens (VIB-UGent), in collaboration with prof. Nico Callewaert (VIB-UGent) and two research laboratories in the US, has refocused its research to a potential COVID-19 therapy based on VHH **nanobodies**. Following the publication of the SARS-CoV-2 genome in early January 2020, the genome of the new virus was compared to the SARS-CoV-1 on which the research group had been active in recent years. The scientists identified a single-domain antibody with high binding affinity to a unique, conserved conformational epitope present on the receptor-binding domain of SARS-CoV and SARS-CoV-2. New results provide the first evidence that the antibody could prevent the new coronavirus from infecting human cells. Importantly, the antibody can also be produced at large-scale using production processes that are common in the biopharmaceutical industry.<sup>23</sup>

At KU Leuven, PharmAbs (Prof. Paul Declerck) and MeBioS (Prof. Jeroen Lammertyn) are using their in-house developed microfluidic single B cell screening platform "MabMine" as a tool for (1) selection, cloning and detailed characterization of a SARS-CoV-2 specific human mAbs from patients that will provide insights in the biochemical and functional properties of neutralizing vs. non-neutralizing antibodies and (2) for identification of neutralizing antibodies with druglike properties.

Prof. Bart Lambrecht (VIB-UGent) and Partner Therapeutics started a clinical study (SARPAC trial) on the use of **Leukine®** (granulocyte macrophage-colony stimulating factor or GM-CSF) to reduce the impact of the corona virus on lungs. Initial results indicate that with this treatment we can prevent the patient from developing a cytokine storm. <sup>24</sup> He is furthermore preparing for a study to compare the impact of treating severe cases of COVID-19 patients on intensive care with anti-IL6 antibodies as compared to anti-IL6-receptor antibodies. <sup>25</sup>

The team of Prof. Johan Neyts (Rega Institute, KULeuven) works on the development of a **vaccine** and on **antiviral therapy**. In the past weeks, two EU-projects<sup>26</sup> were submitted and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> https://www.ugentec.com/managing-coronavirus-ncov

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> http://www.vib.be/en/news/Pages/Towards-antibodies-against-COVID-19.aspx

http://www.vib.be/en/news/Pages/University-hospital-Ghent-and-VIB-are-testing-medication-to-treat-COVID-19-associated-respiratory-illness.aspx and https://www.partnertx.com/11508-2/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT04330638?term=NCT04330638&draw=2&rank=1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> The other two SC1-CORONAVIRUS projects with Belgian participants are RECoVER (UA) and EpiPose (UA and UHasselt), for more information see:

https://www.ncpflanders.be/sites/default/files/ec rtd corona%20virus%20-projects-1.pdf

selected for funding (SCORE<sup>27</sup> and EXSCALATE4CoV<sup>28</sup>). The lab also received funding from the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation to test candidate drugs against SARS-COV2.<sup>29</sup> It received 15000 medicinal molecules from Scripps Institute in California and will test them in the Rega high-biosecurity lab at high throughput. The lab can safely test thousands of candidate molecules for their potential activity against the new coronavirus. The lab is custom designed and runs fully automatically, day and night, seven days a week and is unique in the world. Several molecules were already identified that slow down the SARS-CoV-2 virus in laboratory settings. Clinical studies (Direct Antivirals Working Against nCoV, DAWN) must show whether patients who receive such a drug recover faster and are less likely to end up in intensive care. The study is a collaboration between UZ Leuven, Belgian university and peripheral hospitals and VIB.<sup>30</sup>

The Centre for the Evaluation of Vaccination (Prof. Pierre Van Damme, UAntwerp) will conduct several **phase 1 SARS-CoV2 vaccine trials** in healthy adults. The centre is being prepared to be able to perform such phase 1 trial in social distancing and semi-quarantine conditions, based on previous experience with polio vaccine trials.

Several research groups across the Flemish universities are working on vaccine development. **Flanders Vaccine** is a non-profit, strategy-driven platform for academic, industrial and public stakeholders that serves as a one-stop-shop for vaccine trials.<sup>31</sup> It aims to brings together universities, public and private hospitals, research centres, SMEs, pharma, competence providers, patient organisations, and government bodies to develop novel immunological health solutions and the vaccines of the future.

UAntwerpen, together with ULB, is building infrastructure to allow for a **Controlled Human Infection Model** study. A separate quarantine facility with thirty beds is being constructed. The aim is to accommodate thirty healthy test subjects. Fifteen of them receive a vaccine, the other not. They are then exposed to a weakened version of a virus, or the virus itself if effective therapy is available. The research team will then analyze their immune response to both the vaccine and the virus. They received 20 million euros from the federal government to realize the project.

The Institute of Tropical Medicine (ITM) will start a study to investigate the effect of **hydroxychloroquine**, an existing medicine to treat malaria, on the duration of infectivity of COVID-19. The ITM team conducts the study primarily with health professionals infected with the virus, but showing only mild symptoms.<sup>32</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> https://www.lumc.nl/over-het-lumc/nieuws/2020/Maart/lumc-doet-onderzoek-naar-coranavirus-remmers/?setlanguage=English&setcountry=en

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> https://www.exscalate.eu/en/projects.html

https://www.theguardian.com/world/2020/mar/04/bill-and-melinda-gates-fund-study-into-finding-coronavirus-cure

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> https://www.knack.be/nieuws/wetenschap/uz-leuven-test-geneesmiddelen-op-covid-patienten/article-news-1584621.html?cookie\_check=1586425221

<sup>31</sup> https://flandersvaccine.be/

<sup>32</sup> https://www.itg.be/N/Artikel/itg-start-onderzoek-naar-hydroxychloroquine-in-strijd-tegen-covid-19

The team of Prof. Herregodts (UGent, UZGent, VIB) is working on a prototype<sup>33</sup> that can be used for the **ventilation of COVID-19 patients**. The prototype has already been tested on a breathing machine in the hospital of Aalst. Industrial Research Fund is being released for the further development of this equipment. Also other ventilation initiatives are emerging.<sup>34</sup>

The Research Group of Organic Chemistry (ORGC), headed by Prof. Steven Ballet (VUB), intends to lead efforts to design and develop new **peptide-based therapeutics**. Using data gained from high-level molecular modelling studies, the group wants to develop a number of peptide-based therapeutics against COVID-19. These will then be tested in biological systems that are most closely related to COVID-19 to see which are the most effective and which show promise for further development, and, ultimately, use in clinical (i.e. human) settings.

Prof. Bogaert (VUB) is adapting existing technologies to predict immunogenic epitopes of cancer neo-antigens to predict immunogenic epitopes of new viral strains based on genomic similarity to other known viruses.

# Industry

Pharmaceutical giant Johnson & Johnson and its Flemish subsidiary **Janssen Pharmaceutica** are working on 12 different tracks to develop a vaccine by the beginning of 2021. They will expand the production capacity to ensure that within 12 to 18 months they can supply hundreds of millions of vaccines. The vaccines will be distributed worldwide.<sup>35</sup>

Italian ReiThera Srl. (Rome), German LEUKOCARE AG (Munich), and Belgian Univercells S.A. (Brussels), today announced a strategic pan-European collaboration for the development and large-scale manufacturing of a novel **adenoviral vector-based vaccine** against COVID-19. The vaccine candidate is expected to enter clinical trials during summer 2020 with large-scale vaccine production planned to start soon after.<sup>36</sup>

GSK made their vaccine adjuvant technology available to scientists and organisations working on promising vaccine candidates and technology platforms. Furthermore, GSK is participating in the new collaborative research effort, the COVID-19 Therapeutics Accelerator. The aim of the Accelerator is to bring pharmaceutical companies and expert academic institutions into coordinated research programs, with the aim of bringing the most promising molecules forward that could be used to treat patients with COVID-19.37

**eTheRNA** (VUB spin-off) will develop a novel mRNA vaccine against SARS-CoV-2, for which preclinical development has started.<sup>38</sup> Also **Ziphius Therapeutics** announced the acceleration

<sup>33</sup> https://www.coronaventilator.be/

<sup>34</sup> https://no2covid.com/

<sup>35</sup> https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/en/2020/03/31/corona-vaccine-hopes-are-high-we-can-meet-our-goal/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> https://www.univercells.com/newsroom/reithera-leukocare-and-univercells-announce-fast-track-development-of-a-covid-19-vaccine/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> https://www.gsk.com/en-gb/media/resource-centre/our-contribution-to-the-fight-against-2019-ncov/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> https://flanders.bio/en/news/etherna-launches-an-international-consortium-and-starts-development-of-cross-strain-protective-cov-2-mrna-vaccine-for-high-risk-populations

of the development of a mRNA-based vaccine for COVID-19, in collaboration with Prof. Niek Sanders (UGent).

**Audi Brussels** is producing ventilators. The ventilator has been developed and tested by a group of **FabLab Brussels** (VUB)<sup>39</sup> and in the University Hospital Brussels in recent weeks. The engineers, doctorandi and students of the VUB immediately received support: Flanders Make provided financial support to purchase essential components, DAF Trucks and Volvo Trucks provided the wiper motors that form the heart of the unit and Audi Brussels offered a production line.<sup>40</sup>

A Belgian consortium of seven medical and technological companies (Byteflies, Melexis, Quad Industries, Televic, Z-Plus and the Belgian departments of Henkel and Nitto) has developed an innovative chest patch that can monitor the respiration, heart rate and soon temperature of corona patients wirelessly, continuously and remotely. The 'COVID-19 smart patch' will digitally transmit the values to the treating doctor or specialist and also has an alarm function similar to the red button in the hospital. The Hospital Oost-Limburg (ZOL) is the first to start clinical tests with about 20 patients.

ElmediX on the other hand, wants to contain the virus with **intensive heat treatment** for COVID-19 patients. Controlled heating to 41.5 °C for three hours can potentially inactivate the virus and activate the patient's immune system. ElmediX, founded as a spin-off of the University of Antwerp, has submitted a European project proposal to obtain accelerated funding to test if this approach slows down or even stops the infection in patients infected with COVID-19.<sup>41</sup>

# 3. Prevention

# Academic research

The University of Antwerp has launched Rapid European COVID-19 Emergency Research response (RECOVER), in collaboration with 9 international partners and led by prof. Herman Goossens. This project was selected for funding by the European Union under the Horizon 2020 research framework and builds on many years of investment by the European Commission in clinical research preparedness for epidemic response. RECOVER will address the most urgent questions for patient and public health by conducting medical research to address key knowledge gaps, such as those about best approaches to prevent further spread of the disease and about the virus interactions with the human host. In this way, RECOVER will

<sup>39</sup> https://breathney.vub.be/electronics/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> https://press.vub.ac.be/eerste-vub-fablab-beademingstoestellen-geproduceerd-door-audi-brussels-ism-flanders-make

<sup>41</sup> https://biovox.eu/news/detail/elmedix-wants-to-stop-coronavirus-by-heating-patients-in-a-controlled-manner?utm\_source=newsletter&utm\_medium=email

provide scientific evidence that can be used by clinical, public health and policy decision-makers about how best to protect health and save lives.

Together with industrial partners, product developers of the Antwerp Design Factory (UAntwerpen) try to set up an emergency production for **protective equipment for health workers**.<sup>42</sup>

VITO is expanding its existing test infrastructure to control FFP mouth masks. It will become an **accredited laboratory** for quality tests on half-face masks of the types **FFP1**, **FFP2** and **FFP3** in our country.<sup>43</sup>

The Robotics team of VUB has a research line where they want to convert commercially available **snorkel masks** to a suitable protective mask (with extra filter). In collaboration with Ethias and Decathlon, they will produce the adapter. All Belgian hospitals can order the masks for staff who come into contact with COVID-19 patients.<sup>44</sup>

VITO produced disinfectant gel, made their mouth masks and protective clothing available for hospitals and ordered 30 000 additional masks.

The Institute of Tropical Medicine (Antwerp) coordinated the development of the Belgian **treatment guidelines** for COVID-19, and prof. Wim Van Damme (ITM) is adviser to the Congolese government in regards to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Ghent University is participating in a large-scale international study that investigates the impact of physical activity on immunity to COVID-19. The results can contribute to opening up the forests and parks.

# Industry

**Van Heurck** and **ECA**, two Belgian companies, are starting up the production of surgical and FFP2 mouth masks The machines can produce 190 million surgical masks per year.<sup>45</sup>

Sioen and Deltrian will produce 6 million filters that will be distributed among the population to be used in fabric mouth masks.

Pharmaceutical company Janssen Pharmaceutica and gin distillery Filliers are making disinfectant hand gel, which is distributed among the Belgian hospitals.<sup>46</sup>

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{^{42}}{\text{https://biovox.eu/insights/detail/professors-of-product-development-from-uantwerp-are-looking-at-emergency-production-of-mouth-masks}$ 

<sup>43</sup> https://vito.be/nl/nieuws/vito-testlab-voor-kwaliteit-mondmaskers

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Hospitals that are in need for masks can mail to <u>MaskForBelgium@gmail.com</u>. The masks are free of charge for healthcare institutions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> https://www.tijd.be/dossiers/coronavirus/van-heurck-en-eca-gaan-belgische-mondmaskers-produceren/10220551.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> https://biovox.eu/insights/detail/janssen-pharmaceutica-and-filliers-make-disinfectant-hand-gel?utm source=newsletter&utm medium=email

Laboratory ECCA, Jansen Cleanrooms and GreenX jointly developed a 'Clean Mask Decontamination Room': a **mobile disinfection container** that disinfects FFP2 and FFP3 masks on a large scale, using hydrogen peroxide.<sup>47</sup>

Anthleron is ready to make its **biomedical 3D printing** resources and expertise available to relieve acute needs of various medical parts (e.g. venture valves, respiratory system parts, etc.).

Perseus supports their customers in **biosafety management**. They have compiled a biosafety guidance document specifically targeting organisations that are implementing SARS-CoV-2 diagnostic methods.<sup>48</sup>

NBD offer standards for masks and other personal protective equipment for medical professionals free of charge.<sup>49</sup>

Seaters – who normally helps to distribute sponsoring tickets for sports and cultural events – has transformed its product into a **Virtual Queuing System**. It allows us to request an appointment voucher for authorised locations. Each voucher mentions an hour of visit, that takes into account the social distancing rules (max. 1 person per 10 m2) and the necessary time per person (max. 30 min. for groceries, for example). The demo version<sup>50</sup> of the platform can be activated nationally in 24 hours.

A grassroots initiative (maakjemondmasker.be) was launched and gives guidelines on how to make your own face masks.<sup>51</sup>

# 4. e-health and app development

# Academic research

Several track and tracing apps are being developed. To select the best app, a taskforce was founded by minister De Backer. They concluded that a track & tracing app must have the following characteristics: (1) decentralized, (2) privacy guarantee, (3) minimal information collection, (4) Bluetooth technology and (5) interoperable at European level.

A European consortium in which prof. Preneel (KULeuven) takes part, made a proposal for a secure and decentralized privacy-preserving proximity tracing system according to these principles: **DP-3T**. Their code is open-source available.<sup>52</sup>

<sup>47</sup> http://www.biotox.be/en/news/decontamination-of-mouth-masks-ecca-your-partner

<sup>48</sup> https://www.perseus.be/

<sup>49</sup> https://www.nbn.be/nl/nieuwsberichten/gratis-normen-voor-

mondmaskers?utm source=newsletter&utm medium=email&utm campaign=Newslettermaart2020nl

<sup>50</sup> https://demo.seaters.com/westandstrong/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> https://maakjemondmasker.be/

<sup>52</sup> https://github.com/DP-3T/documents

A multidisciplinary consortium consisting of academic researchers, privacy experts and app developers (UGent, VIB) has joined to develop a platform to map the further spread of the virus and to contain the epidemic better. The platform combines: a **mobile app** for citizens; a web app for medical personnel; a back-end for data aggregation and an AI system to train models. All these components work together to map potential infected clusters, hotspots and super spreading. Contact tracing can furthermore be done more efficiently. Privacy experts have been involved from day one. Also KULeuven and UZLeuven are developing a mobile app, Corona Compass.

## Industry

Belgium will participate in the EUvsVirus **hackathon** (24-26 April 2020).<sup>53</sup> The hackathon resulted in 117 possible innovative solutions. Belgium is represented in eight of the 117 winning projects.

Rombit launches a **digital bracelet** to prevent Covid-19 contamination in the workplace. The solution allows employees in industry, construction and logistics to resume work safely. If employees come too close to each other, their bracelet gives a warning signal. Port of Antwerp will be the first to test these bracelets.<sup>54</sup>

The company Lopos (imec and UGent spin-off) has developed a **wearable** as well: SafeDistance. The wearable will alert, with an audible signal, vibration and optionally also a burning LED light, if the social distance of 1,5 meters to another device is not respected. The device is a tool for safe collaboration in the workplace or for shopping. SafeDistance uses ultra-wideband (UWB) instead of Bluetooth and is therefore much more accurate and faster.<sup>55</sup>

The **app "Flattening the Curve"**<sup>56</sup> was developed as a collaborative effort of EPCON, BHIC, Keyrus, Bingli, Adunio, and Gaga. The app tracks users' movements and regularly checks their health condition by means of a uniform questionnaire. As such, the app can detect areas with a high number of COVID-19 infections, and warns the user when he was recently in such a 'danger zone'. The app is also useful for governments and hospitals, as it allows them to make decisions and estimates more easily.

The **COVID-19 Alert** app, developed by a group of tech developers, can delay the spread of COVID-19 by registering bluetooth contacts of mobile telephones. The app informs users in case they have been at risk of getting infected, when they have been near an infected person.<sup>57</sup>

Vinçotte, Esoptra, Mensura, Attentia and Vias are collaborating in a project called Savitas (Scoped Anonymous Viral Infection Tracing At Scale). This project developed a **QR-code** 

<sup>53</sup> https://euvsvirus.org/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> https://rombit.be/slimme-armband-om-coronabesmettingen-op-de-werkvloer-te-voorkomen/

<sup>55</sup> https://www.lopos.be/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> https://www.flatteningthecurve.eu/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> https://covid19-alert.eu/

**system** that can be used directly by any employee with a simple scan of their phone, without any registration or link with personal data and without privacy risk. When an employee turns out to be COVID-19 positive, that person reports to Savitas that he is ill. Colleagues who have scanned the same QR code at the same time are then informed that they may also be infected, place themselves in isolation and consult a doctor to prevent further spread. They will receive this notification the next time they voluntarily scan one of our QR codes or go to the website.<sup>58</sup>

The city of Antwerp launched a call for start-ups to develop innovative digital solutions for problems related to the COVID-19 crisis. 8 projects were selected: Artists Unlimited vzw, Bingli, Greygin, Health Endeavour, Helpper, Robovision, Spikes en UZA-FibriCheck. 59 Bingli helps to fight overcrowded doctor's offices and hospitals. The company developed a multilingual, scientifically supported COVID-19 triage module to determine whether a patient should be seen by a physician. The goal is to help doctors identify the people who need more medical attention. Greygin developed the online game based learning platform Play it Safe (see also chapter 6. Dissemination of information and debunking fake news). Health Endeavour developed a social prescription platform that provides patients who contact their doctor with a "social prescription" to support their psychosocial needs. It creates a link between welfare and primary care. Helpper has set up a telephone line for healthcare staff, which can relieve them of tasks such as shopping or walking the dog. Robovision offers AI technology to analyse CT scans of lungs and provide reliable evidence of COVID-19 infection. This allows radiologists to work faster. Spikes developed a tool that provides accurate management information about the contamination situation of residents and staff in healthcare institutions. It furthermore allows for safely re-deploying volunteers in healthcare institutions. UZA and FibriCheck are developing a digital care program for patients with cardiac arrhythmias. In addition to the consultations that are already taking place, FibriCheck adds an app that can monitor cardiac arrhythmias. Artists Unlimited vzw develops an online streaming platform for artists and their fans. Online festivals, concerts and live streams will be programmed via the platform in collaboration with Antwerp concert halls, festivals and artists.

\_

<sup>58</sup> https://www.savitas.life/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> https://www.ondernemeninantwerpen.be/nieuws/antwerpse-start-ups-en-bedrijven-bestrijden-mee-coronacrisis-met-innovatieve-digitale

# 5. Behavioural changes and mental health

## Academic research

A team with Prof. Philippe Beutels (UAntwerpen) and Prof. Niel Hens (UHasselt, UAntwerpen) will study our behaviour, and hence improve the modelling of the protective measurements taken. They are issuing **weekly online polls**. The first poll issued Tuesday 17 March was answered by no less than 563.796 respondents!<sup>60</sup>

Even with the current measurements, every infected person still infects one other person. A survey by KULeuven and UGent tries to find out if recently infected persons have something in common and want to identify targeted measures to bring down the transmission.<sup>61</sup>

A number of surveys were launched at the UGent to get a better picture of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on mental and social well-being. 62 They are also monitoring the motivation of the population to comply with the COVID-19 measures. 63 The research department of IDEWE, in collaboration with KU Leuven, will conduct a study into the mental well-being of Belgian employees during the corona crisis.<sup>64</sup> A survey by IndiVille and Bpact focussed on our emotions related to the COVID-19 pandemic and its related measurements. 65 KULeuven started a longitudinal study where participants keep a diary about their experiences, for two months. They are still looking for volunteers. 66 Prof. Van Hal (UAntwerpen) collects corona diaries of health care workers. At the VUB, Prof. Ignace Glorieux, together with spin-off hbits, investigates how the new coronavirus impacts our daily life<sup>67</sup>. Together with an international consortium of sleep scientists, VUB is conducting a worldwide survey on **insomnia** during and before the lockdown period.<sup>68</sup> Other surveys investigate lockdown behaviour concerning mobility, sports, values, compulsive buying, wellbeing, impact on pharmacists and on pregnant women. At the UAntwerpen, they investigate the well-being of students and academics. They also launched an online survey on the effect of the COVID-19 measures on the physical activity pattern and rehabilitation in patients with chronic diseases.<sup>69</sup>

Prof. Elke Van Hoof (VUB) launched the free online intervention tool 'ledereen ok?' to help handle loneliness and stressors more easily.<sup>70</sup>

16

<sup>60</sup> https://www.uantwerpen.be/nl/projecten/corona-studie/

<sup>61</sup> https://coronasurvey.eu/

<sup>62</sup> https://ghentpmwop.eu.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV 094abYBmjxQT8rj;

www.loomi.ugent.be/GLAUCA/index.php/619329?lang=nl; https://edit.ugent.be/nl/onderzoek/ugent/covid-19-onderzoek.htm; https://www.be4life.eu/

<sup>63</sup> https://www.ugent.be/epg/nl/onderzoek/coronastudie and

https://www.knack.be/nieuws/belgie/maatregelen-blijven-volgen-wordt-een-marathoninspanning-hoemotiveren-we-de-bevolking-om-vol-te-houden/article-opinion-1587391.html

<sup>64</sup> https://www.idewe.be/-/wat-doet-coronacrisis-met-u

<sup>65</sup> https://indiville.be/resultaten-onderzoek-coronacrisis/

https://ppw.kuleuven.be/PraxisP/in-de-kijker/deelnemers-gezocht-corona-diaries-een-onderzoek-naar-de-psychologische-effecten-van-de-coronacrisis-en-de-daarmee-gepaard-gaande-maatregelen

<sup>67</sup> https://today.vub.be/en/article/survey-how-does-the-coronavirus-affect-daily-life

<sup>68</sup> https://vub.fra1.gualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV 8HcultBNoj8c9Hn.

<sup>69</sup> https://www.uantwerpen.be/en/research-groups/movant/onderzoek-covid-19--/

<sup>70</sup> https://www.iedereenok.be/

The Institute for the Future (Rega institute, KULeuven) launched a transdisciplinary approach on pandemic preparedness to **map the societal impact** and advise on potential unintended consequences of pandemic preparedness measures.<sup>71</sup> A first outcome of this team is a manuscript on the usefulness of contact tracing tools for pandemics.<sup>72</sup>

UAntwerpen investigates to what extent people seek out **nature** (more) during corona time and what effect this has on their general health and well-being. The survey is part of a larger university study on the relationship between care and natural living environment that is financed by the province of Antwerp.<sup>73</sup> They also investigate the effect of COVID-19 on our **cooking and eating habits**.<sup>74</sup>

Prof. Van Meerbeeck (UZA) studies the quality of life after hospitalization for COVID 19. Furthermore, at UAntwerpen, they investigate the impact of COVID-19 on populations in low and Middle income countries, on persons living with HIV, on persons with epilepsy, on pregnant women and neonates, on persons with cerebral venous thrombosis (CVT) and on healthcare workers in humanitarian settings. They also investigate how best to assist Rwandese families in coping with COVID-19 and the knowledge, attitudes and practices towards COVID-19 among adult Ugandans. At UHasselt, they investigate the impact of COVID-19 on patients with Multiple Sclerosis.

Thomas Moore investigates the effect the COVID-19 pandemic has on our travel plans.<sup>75</sup>

To help leaders in all sectors to overcome this difficult period, the Vlerick business school bundled all their online learning courses.<sup>76</sup>

# Industry

To motivate both the beginner and the more experienced **meditator** to pay attention to mental well-being during this difficult period, Moonbird organises free live webinars from March 23rd onwards. Each weekday at 6pm a Flemish expert will share insights and methods that can really make the difference.<sup>77</sup>

# 6. Dissemination of information and debunking fake news

The Flemish government organised a taskforce to map, align and promote all public and private **digital initiatives** to make the world go further during the pandemic.<sup>78</sup>

Several information channels have been set up to inform citizens about the pandemic and the measurements taken. The Flemish agency of Care and Health (Agentschap Zorg en

<sup>71</sup> https://rega.kuleuven.be/if/coronavirus challenge

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> https://rega.kuleuven.be/if/tracing-tools-for-pandemics

<sup>73</sup> https://www.uantwerpen.be/nl/leerstoelen/zorg-en-natuurlijke-leefomgeving/het-corona-natuuronderzoek/

<sup>74</sup> https://uantwerpen.eu.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV 25MKsBBrVQV5OLj

<sup>75</sup> https://thomasmore.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV dokQYY8pEF42s7P

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> https://www.vlerick.com/en/research-and-faculty/knowledge-items/how-to-cope-with-turbulant-times

<sup>77</sup> https://www.moonbird.life/livestream/

<sup>78</sup> https://www.vlaanderen.be/vlaanderen-helemaal-digitaal

Gezondheid) created a dedicated fact check webpage on the 'health and science' website to help **debunking the fake news** on COVID-19.<sup>79</sup> Also EOS Science, a magazine partially funded by the Flemish government, has a website on COVID-19 with news and questions<sup>80</sup> and the Young Academy, an interdisciplinary and interuniversity meeting place for young top researchers and artists, has some initiatives that strive to combine forces within the scientific community <sup>81</sup>, including a Slack-forum "Mitigate Corona" that is open to all academics. They furthermore created an overview of **all Belgian initiatives on ventilators**, because shortage of ventilators was a crucial bottleneck in Italy.<sup>83</sup>

The Institute of the Future (Rega institute, KULeuven) published a living paper about COVID-19.84 It is a **structured compilation of scientific data** about the virus, the disease and its control. The aim is to help scientists identify the most relevant publications on COVID-19 in the mass of information that appears every day. The paper is updated weekly.

Biostatistics and mathematical models play an important role to predict the evolution of corona infections and the influence on our healthcare sector. A consortium with top researchers from the universities of Hasselt, Antwerp, Ghent en Brussels was founded to support the Scientific Committee and the government in taking the necessary measures. The institute for the Future, together with a team of KU Leuven and Flanders Business School, furthermore decided to contribute with their knowledge of modelling, **forecasting**, and future scenarios to provide information to the general public as well as to authorities. They offer perspectives for the near future, like about how many people are most likely to die, and when this epidemic wave will be over.<sup>85</sup>

Both imec and Flanders.bio have an **webpage** where they list several initiatives of companies directly or indirectly linked to the new corona virus.<sup>86, 87</sup> Various research institutions have an overview webpage as well about their ongoing research related to COVID-19.<sup>88,89,90,91,92,93,94</sup>

Furthermore, information and communication are also part of the missions of universities and in Flanders we have seen many specialists taking part in **radio and TV** programmes. They play a key role in explaining what is happening and in helping the citizens to understand the need for the measures taken by the Belgian government.

<sup>79</sup> https://www.gezondheidenwetenschap.be/dossiers/coronavirus

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> https://www.eoswetenschap.eu/tag/coronavirus

<sup>81</sup> https://jongeacademie.be/covid/

<sup>82</sup> https://mitigatecorona.slack.com/join/shared invite/zt-ctipi686- cvH5JGRAx6SkUGkfAJ1Cw

<sup>83</sup> https://docs.google.com/document/d/1IWZg hImGW xIDLAtB6wptzKT6Hg1fHMGsYPbO8dEp8/edit#

<sup>84</sup> https://rega.kuleuven.be/if/corona covid-19

<sup>85</sup> https://rega.kuleuven.be/if/forecasting-countries/forecasting-covid19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> www.imec-int.com/en/istart/startup-initiatives-covid-19

<sup>87</sup> https://flanders.bio/en/coronavirus-initiatives

<sup>88</sup> https://www.ugent.be/nl/onderzoek/ugent/covid-19-onderzoek.htm

<sup>89</sup> https://www.kuleuven.be/onderzoeksverhalen/ku-leuven-onderzoekers-strijden-tegen-het-coronavirus

<sup>90</sup> https://www.itg.be/E/covid-19

<sup>91</sup> https://www.vub.be/coronavirus/onderzoek#lopend-onderzoek

<sup>92</sup> https://blog.uantwerpen.be/corona/

<sup>93</sup> https://www.uhasselt.be/UH/Coronavirus/UHasselt-helpt.html

<sup>94</sup> https://ghum.kuleuven.be/NL2018/corona#research

At the European level, the European Bioinformatics Institute (EBI) of the European Molecular Biology Laboratory (EMBL) and the European Commission, together with other partners<sup>95</sup> have recognised the urgency to develop and deploy a **pan European COVID-19 research data platform**<sup>96</sup> connected to the European Open Science Cloud (EOSC). The objective is to speed up and improve the sharing, storage, processing of and access to research data and metadata on SARS-CoV-2 and COVID-19.

# Relevant datasets include:

- Omics data for the characterisation and quantification of biological molecules (including sequence data on both virus genomes and human genomes) and other highdimensional data such as microbiome data;
- Data from pre-clinical research to test drug candidates, vaccine interventions, or other treatments, for efficacy, toxicity and pharmacokinetic information;
- Research data from clinical trials and from observational studies;
- Epidemiological data, models, codes and algorithms.

The Anticancer fund made an overview of **all interventional clinical trials** ongoing in COVID-19, in an easy to use open-access online database. This will help to reduce the chance of duplicated trials and ideally this should result in more collaborations around the world.<sup>97</sup>

**#DATA4COVID19** gives an overview of global initiatives to build a responsible infrastructure for data-driven pandemic response<sup>98</sup> and the OECD, together with the GovLab, collects open data sets that are used in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.<sup>99</sup>

The GOVTRUST partners wrote a research paper on confidence in the government during the COVID-19 crisis. The results provide insight into the risk perception of Flemish people, confidence in the government to properly tackle the COVID-19 crisis, the reliability of various sources of information about COVID-19 and the extent to which government measures are perceived as restrictive and / or effective.

## Industry

EisphorIA now allows researchers to **navigate in thousands of COVID-19 related scientific papers**, being assisted by artificial intelligence. It helps them to find insights, identify trends and apprehend quickly critical contents while working in a collaborative environment.<sup>100</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> Including ELIXIR, Instruct-ERIC, RDA and H2020 projects such as EOSC-Life, CORBEL, RECODID, VEO, EXSCALATE4CoV.

<sup>96</sup> https://www.ebi.ac.uk/covid-19 and https://www.covid19dataportal.org/

<sup>97</sup> https://www.anticancerfund.org/en/more-200-trials-fight-covid-19-worldwide

<sup>98</sup> https://docs.google.com/document/d/1JWeD1AaIGKMPry\_EN8GjlgwX4J4KLQIAgP09exZ-ENI/edit\_

<sup>99</sup> https://docs.google.com/document/d/1BdSnXzCZ1Z7ovOrPue3O0osRUpiqTKlu8pwG9U4DwWw/edit

<sup>100</sup> https://covid.eisphoria.com/

Knowledge on the Corona virus can save lives. It is therefore crucial that communication on the virus and its prevention should be comprehensible to all of us. To spread the right information in a fun, accessible way, Play it Safe developed the **Corona Prevention Game**. <sup>101</sup>

Using **artificial intelligence and linked data**, the platform of Ontoforce allows the life sciences industry to extract, integrate and analyse their data. To support the industry in the challenges they face now, Ontoforce made a COVID-19 edition of their platform freely available. <sup>102</sup>

# 7. Funding

Several projects were submitted from the various universities and ranked for funding by the **H2020 SC1-PHE-CORONAVIRUS 2020 call**. This is a call published under Horizon 2020 on January 30, 2020 with deadline for submission on February 12, 2020, for which 47.5 million euro was made available. <sup>103</sup> Seventeen projects were short-listed for funding. <sup>104</sup> Four projects have a Flemish partner (SCORE<sup>105</sup>, EXSCALATE4CoV<sup>106</sup>) of which two are coordinated by a Flemish partner (RECoVER<sup>107</sup> and EpiPose). An overview of all projects supported by the European Commission related to the COVID-19 pandemic is given as well. <sup>108</sup> The European Commission is developing a ERAvsCorona action plan, to facilitate coordinated research and innovation actions. <sup>109</sup>

Regionally, budget has been made available to combat the COVID-19 pandemic. **VIB** will reallocate about 1 million euro of the budgets from its Grand Challenges Programme to COVID-19 projects to test novel interventions in patients after preclinical evidence; to test immune status during infection; and to test the potential of suppressing inflammation response. A fast track evaluation procedure was started for ad hoc co-funding of these COVID-19 projects under the thematic domain 'epidemic control', and an ad hoc evaluation panel was installed. **VLAIO** may also provide a budget.

**Flanders Make** has released 1 million euro to participate in the development of several projects<sup>110</sup>: (1) ventilator prototypes and their scaling-up, (2) infrared fever detection, (3) auscultation, or the medical listening to sounds in the body, at a distance, and (4) the

<sup>101</sup> https://playitsafe.eu/speel-het-corona-preventie-game/

<sup>102</sup> https://ontoforce.lpages.co/disgovercovid19/

 $<sup>^{103}\</sup>underline{https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/info/files/research}$  and innovation/research by area/documents/ec rtd c  $\underline{oronavirus\text{-}factsheet.pdf}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>104</sup> For an overview of all projects see:

https://www.ncpflanders.be/sites/default/files/ec rtd corona%20virus%20-projects-1.pdf

https://www.lumc.nl/over-het-lumc/nieuws/2020/Maart/lumc-doet-onderzoek-naar-coranavirus-remmers/?setlanguage=English&setcountry=en

<sup>106</sup> https://www.exscalate.eu/en/projects.html#Covid-19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>107</sup> https://www.prepare-europe.eu/News/News-items/ID/1215

https://ec.europa.eu/info/research-and-innovation/research-area/health-research-and-innovation/coronavirus-research-and-innovation nl

<sup>109</sup> https://ec.europa.eu/info/files/first-eravscorona-action-plan-short-term-coordinated-research-and-innovation-actions\_nl

<sup>110</sup> https://www.flandersmake.be/nl/covid-19

production of mouth masks. They additionally support companies, for example to consider how they can apply social distancing in their processes.

A new council of nine leading scientists should prepare us for the next peak of the virus. The **Flemish government** and **FWO** will provide 2,5 million euros to fund research on the efficacy of a vaccine, the local production of mouth masks and an analysis of the impact of the lockdown.<sup>111</sup>

An extra 1,25 million euro will be released in the short term to invest in the **research of VIB** to (1) focus on the effect of medication on lung recovery in patients with COVID-19, and (2) the first phase of a start-up that VIB wants to establish about an antiviral agent.

UAntwerp launched a **twin-call** to the FWO call for COVID-19 research projects of 50,000 to 75,000 euro per project, for a total budget of 500,000 euro. The UAntwerp call largely copies the goals, deadline, template and evaluation criteria of the FWO call to offer synergy and reduce workload.

## 8. Other actions

The **Flemish Supercomputer Centre (VSC)** provides computing time for research on COVID-19 both for academics and companies.<sup>112</sup> So far, fifteen research teams within universities, strategic research centres and companies could scale up their work and use large computing capacity, including a project on simulating the spread of the virus in a virtual population and making predictions about the usefulness of measures such as social distancing. These studies can obtain faster and more accurate results thanks to the use of supercomputers.

Biobanks are crucial in the run towards a COVID-19 vaccine and/or treatment. The **BBMRI-ERIC biobank network**<sup>113</sup> of 600+ biobanks can provide key services to researchers, such as (1) efficient and high-quality storage of samples in clinical and research settings; (2) samples from healthy individuals, to be used as control (collected 2-3 months before outbreak in each country), and (3) guidance and standards for targeted identification, collection and conservation of important samples. The online search catalogue of BBMRI-ERIC has furthermore been adapted with a COVID-19 filter so researchers can find biobanks that have COVID-19 samples available.<sup>114</sup>

VIB and Elixir Belgium contributed to the **open source tools and public cyberinfrastructure** for transparent, reproducible analyses of viral datasets. The goal is to provide publicly accessible infrastructure and workflows for SARS-CoV-2 data analyses.<sup>115</sup>

<sup>111</sup> https://www.fwo.be/nl/actueel/oproepen/bijzondere-oproep-covid19/

<sup>112</sup> www.vscentrum.be/covid19

<sup>113</sup> https://www.bbmri-eric.eu/covid-19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>114</sup> https://directory.bbmri-eric.eu/menu/main/app-molgenis-app-biobank-explorer/biobankexplorer?covid19=covid19

<sup>115</sup> https://covid19.galaxyproject.org/

Due to the COVID-19 crisis, a number of companies and organisations, medical and other, experience supply chain problems. 3DP PAN EU is an EU-wide, web-based matchmaking tool connecting supply and demand in the field of 3D-printing. Existing initiatives are free to register their offer on the 3DP PAN EU website. Companies and organisations can extend their outreach for a solution to their needs. 116 The 3DP Pan EU project is a project developed by Vanguard Initiative's 3D Printing pilot, enabled by funding from the European Parliament.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>116</sup> www.3dppan.eu

Department of
Economy, Science & Innovation
Koning Albert II-laan 35, box 10
1030 Brussels
info.ewi@vlaanderen.be
www.ewi-vlaanderen.be